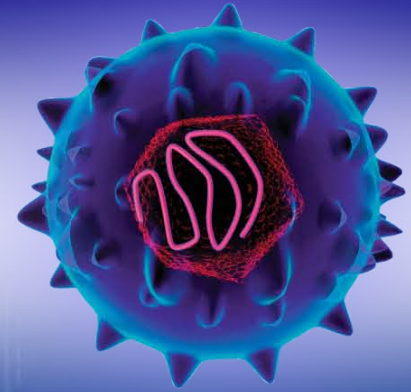


HEPATITIS C MANAGEMENT STATE OF THE ART



Update: Treatment Pipeline 2016

Andrew J. Muir, MD, MHS

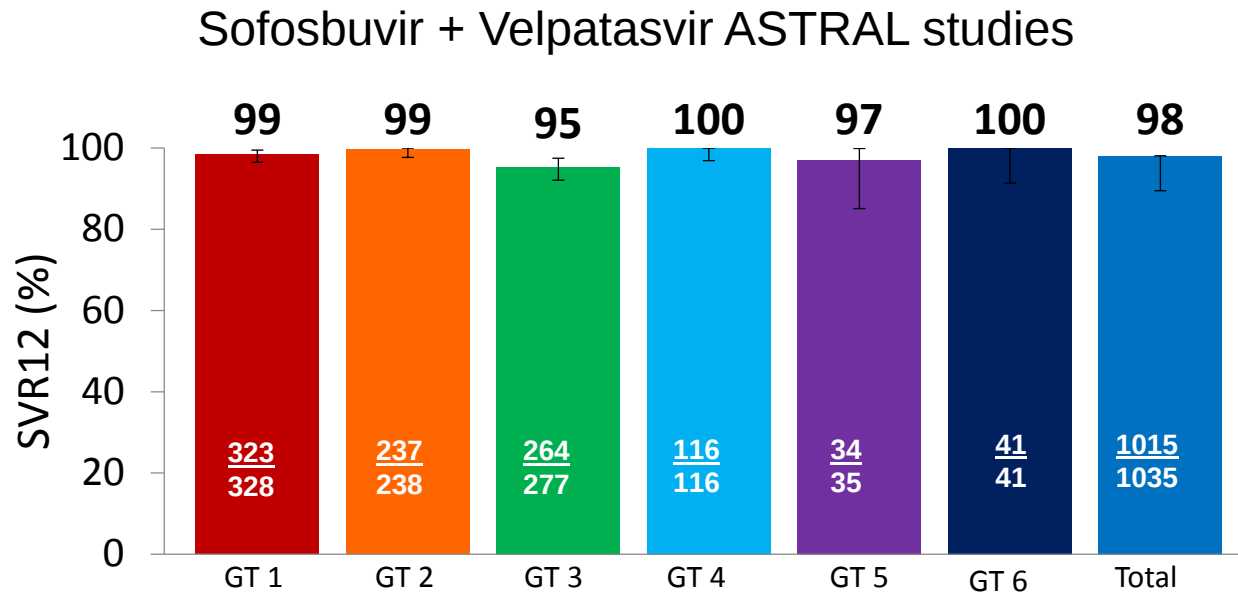
Chief, Division of Gastroenterology
Department of Medicine
Director, Gastroenterology Research
Duke Clinical Research Institute
Duke University School of Medicine

Disclosures

- Research grants & advisory boards:
 - AbbVie, BMS, Gilead, Janssen, Merck

HCV pipeline

- What will the pipeline address?



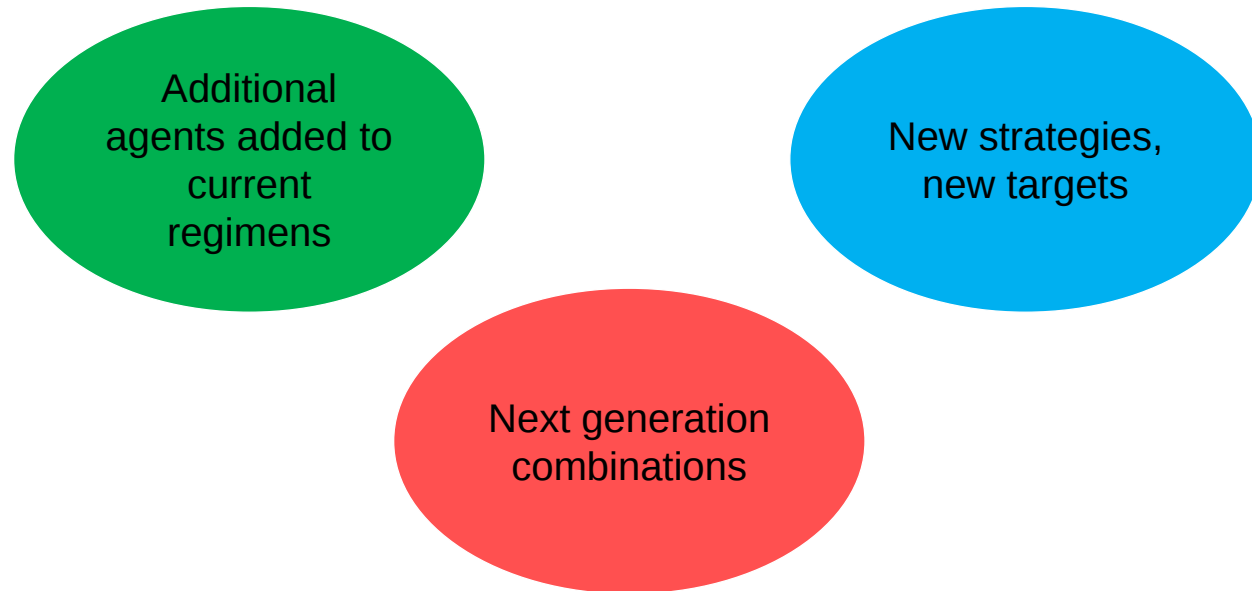
Feld JJ. NEJM. 2015; Foster GR. NEJM. 2015

HCV pipeline

- What will the pipeline address?
 - Genotype 3
 - Ribavirin-free
 - Resistance
 - Duration for < 12 weeks



HCV pipeline strategies



GS-9857

- HCV NS3/4A protease inhibitor
- Potent pangenotypic antiviral activity
- Study design: 3 day monotherapy
 - Patients: NS3/4A naïve, no cirrhosis
 - Dose range: 50, 100, 300 mg or placebo

Maximal reduction in HCV RNA

Genotype	1a	1b	2	3	4
N	8	6	6	6	4
Median ↓	-4.38	-3..90	-3.60	-3.24	-4.11

Rodriguez-Torres M. EASL 2015.

SOF/VEL/9857 phase 2

Genotype 1

Population	Treatment Duration	SVR12 (%)
Treatment naive No Cirrhosis	4 weeks	27% (4/15)
	6 weeks	93% (14/15)
Treatment naive Cirrhosis	6 weeks	87% (13/15)
DAA-Experienced ± Cirrhosis	6 weeks	67% (20/30)
Treatment experienced Cirrhosis	8 weeks	100% (17/17)
PI-Treatment experienced ± Cirrhosis	8 weeks	89% (25/28)

Gane EJ. EASL 2015; Gane EJ. AASLD 2015

SOF/VEL/9857 phase 2

Genotype 3

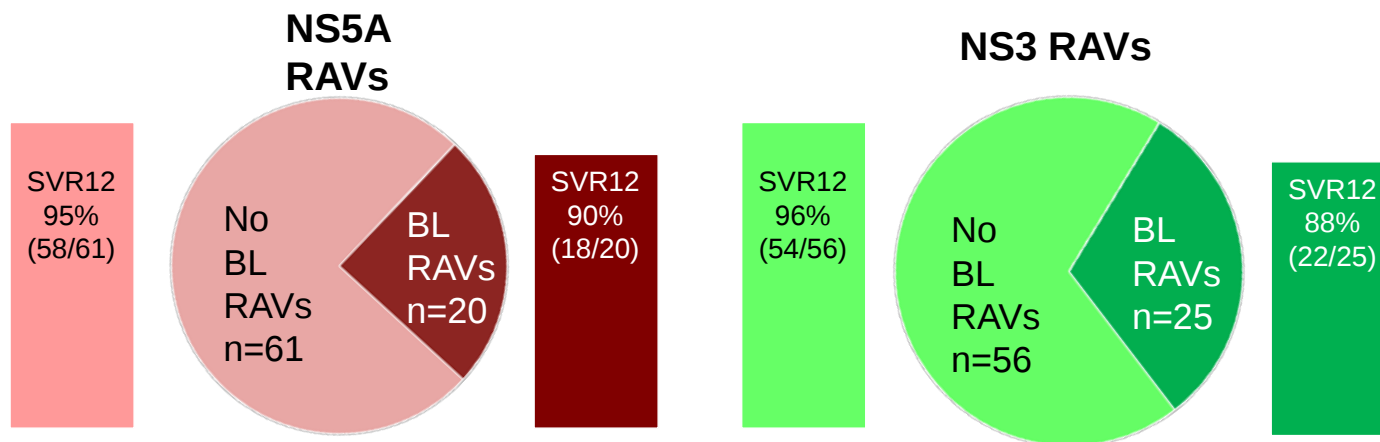
Population	Treatment Duration	SVR12 (%)
Treatment naïve Cirrhosis	6 weeks	83% (15/18)
Treatment experienced Cirrhosis	8 weeks	100% (19/19)

Gane EJ. EASL 2015; Gane EJ. AASLD 2015

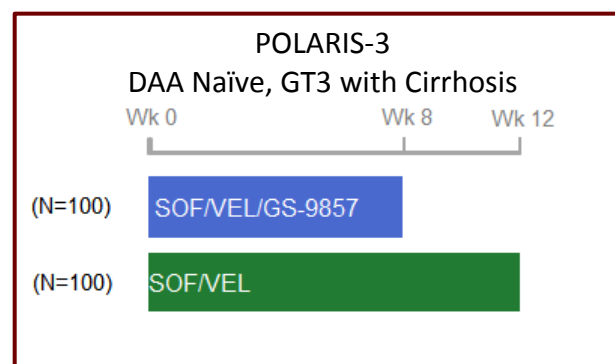
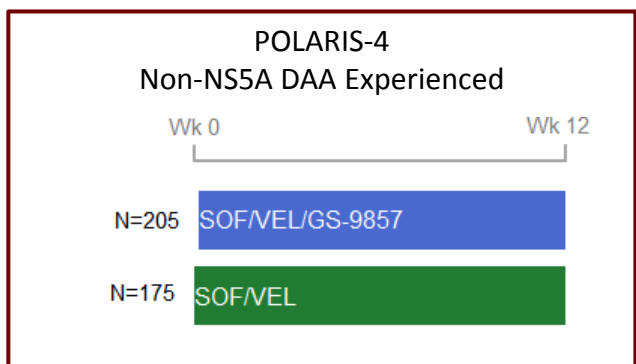
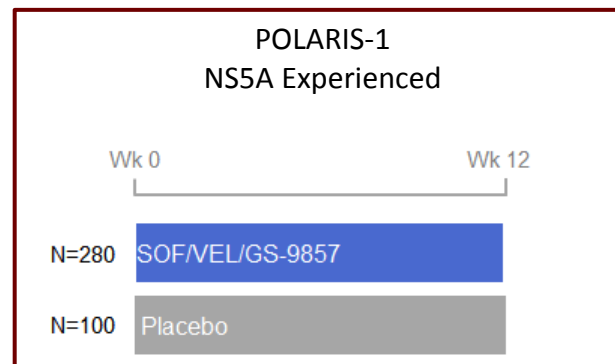
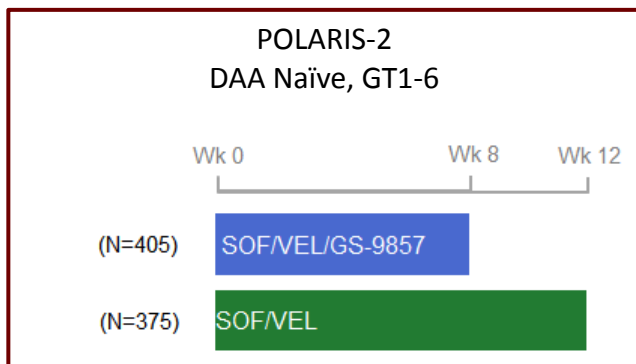
SOF/VEL/9857 phase 2

Impact of baseline resistance

- Baseline Resistance Associated Variants (RAVs)
 - Deep sequencing with 1% cut-off



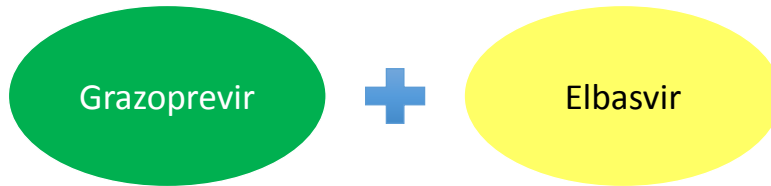
SOF/VEL/9857 phase 3 program



Grazoprevir/elbasvir

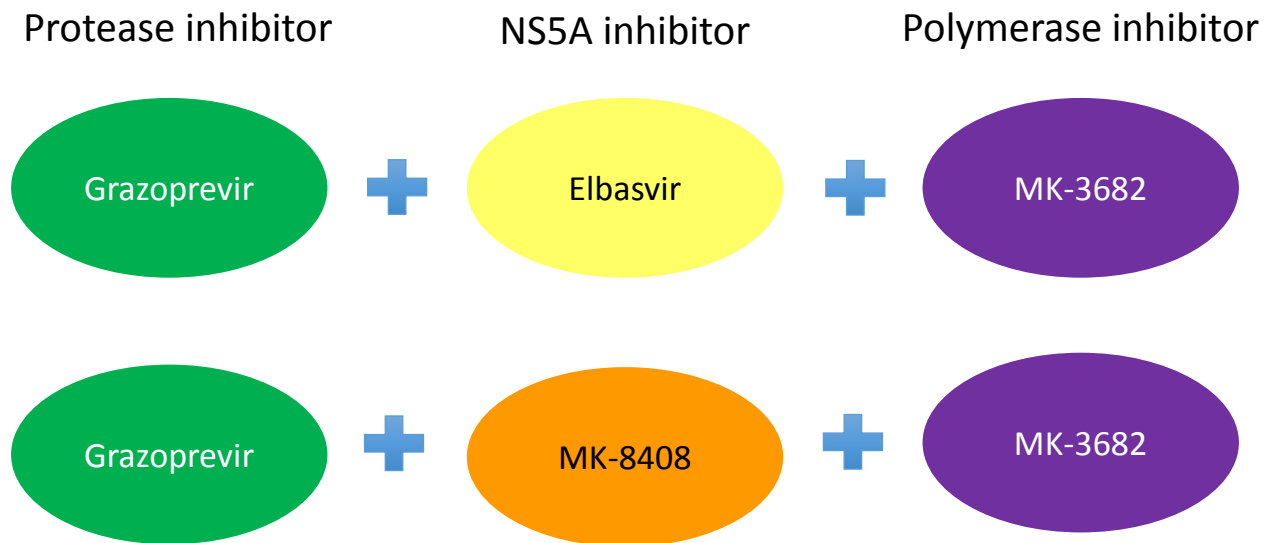
Protease inhibitor

NS5A inhibitor



- FDA approved regimen genotypes 1, 4

Grazoprevir/elbasvir PLUS



New agents

- MK-8408

- 2nd generation NS5A inhibitor
- 60 mg once daily
- GT 1-3 with >3-log ↓ HCV RNA day 5

- MK-3682

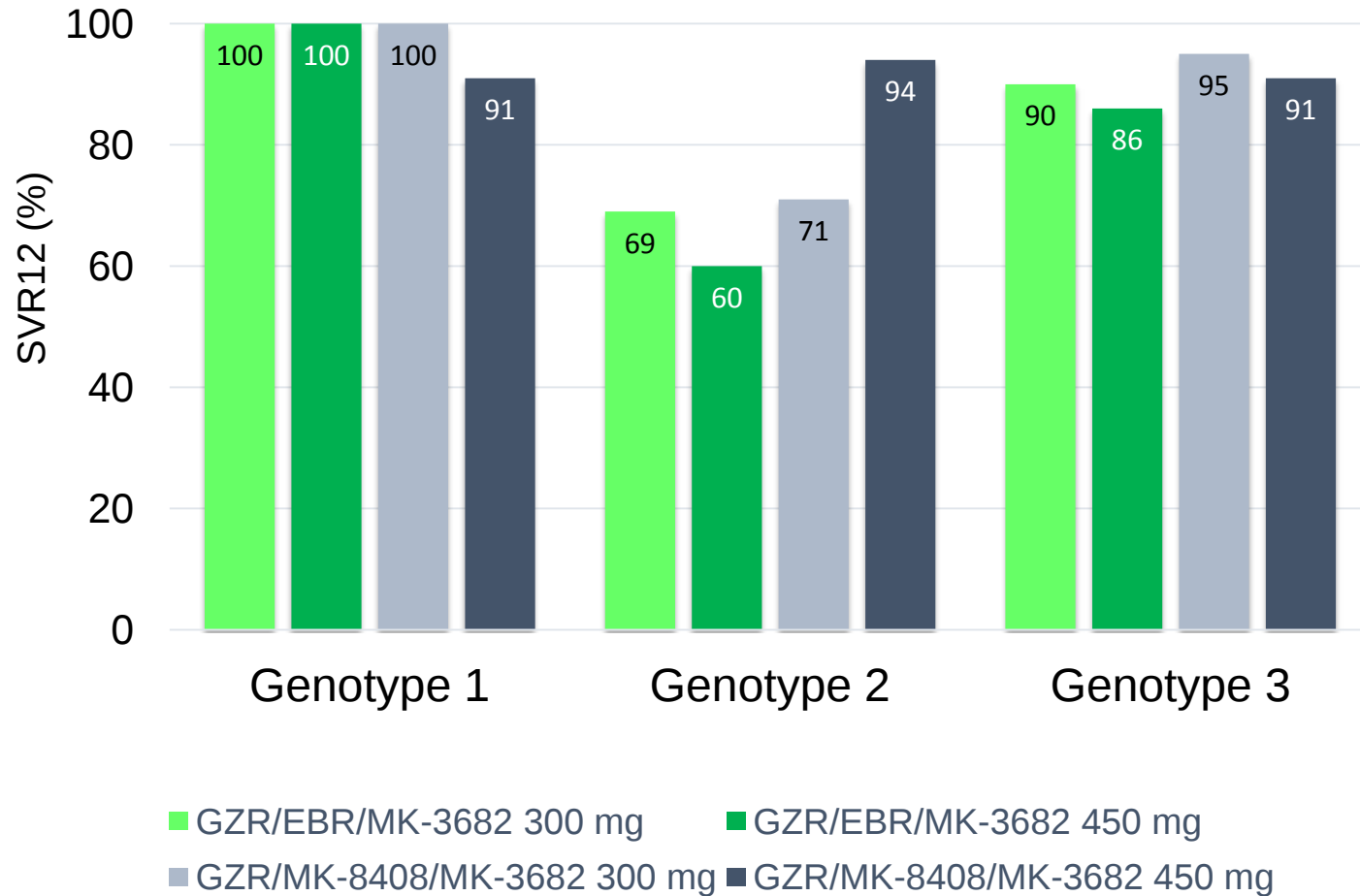
- Nucleotide NS5B polymerase inhibitor
- 300/450 mg once daily
- GT 1-2 with >4-log ↓ HCV RNA day 7

Lahser et al. AASLD 2014; Assante-Appiah et al. AASLD 2014; Zhou et al. EASL 2015.

MK-8408 & MK-3682

- C-CREST 1 and 2
 - Genotype 1-3
 - Treatment naïve
 - No cirrhosis
 - RCT
- Part A to select Part B regimen

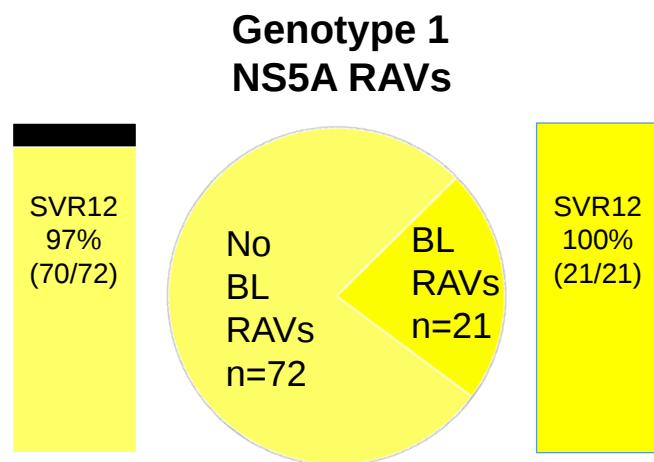
MK-8408 & MK-3682



MK-8408 & MK-3682

Impact of baseline resistance

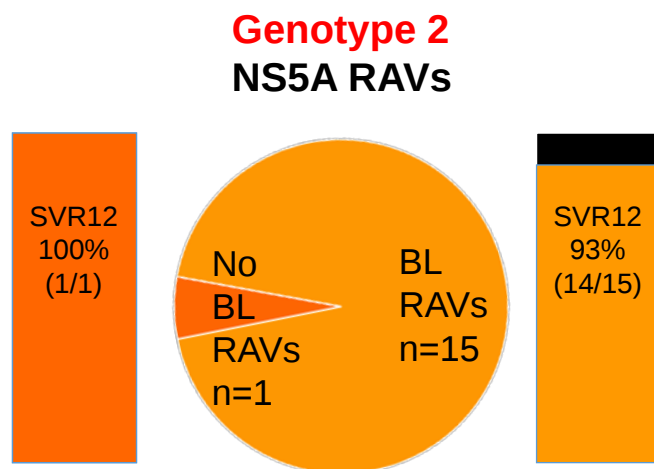
- Baseline Resistance Associated Variants (RAVs)
 - Any changes from wild-type at 9 positions (24, 28, 30, 31, 32, 38, 58, 92, 93)
 - Population sequencing (20-25% threshold)



MK-8408 & MK-3682

Impact of baseline resistance

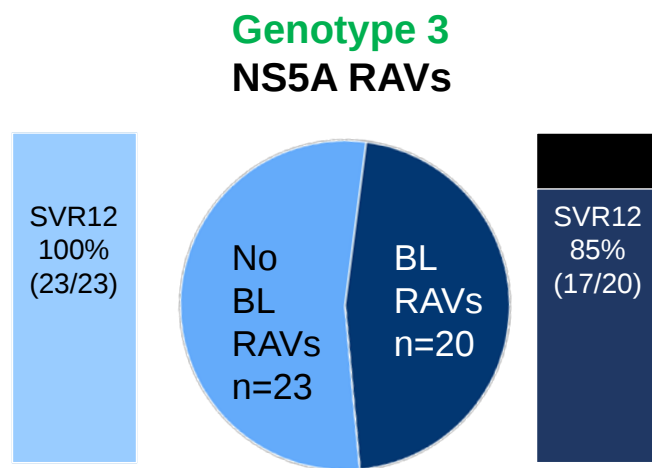
- Baseline Resistance Associated Variants (RAVs)
 - Any changes from wild-type at 9 positions (24, 28, 30, 31, 32, 38, 58, 92, 93)
 - Population sequencing (20-25% threshold)



MK-8408 & MK-3682

Impact of baseline resistance

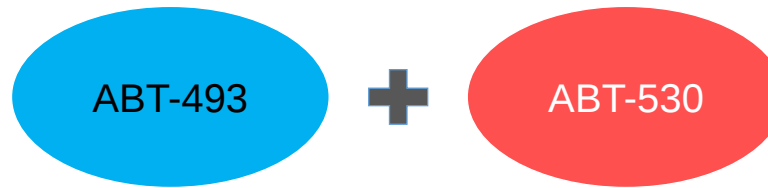
- Baseline Resistance Associated Variants (RAVs)
 - Any changes from wild-type at 9 positions (24, 28, 30, 31, 32, 38, 58, 92, 93)
 - Population sequencing (20-25% threshold)



ABT-493 and ABT-530

Protease inhibitor

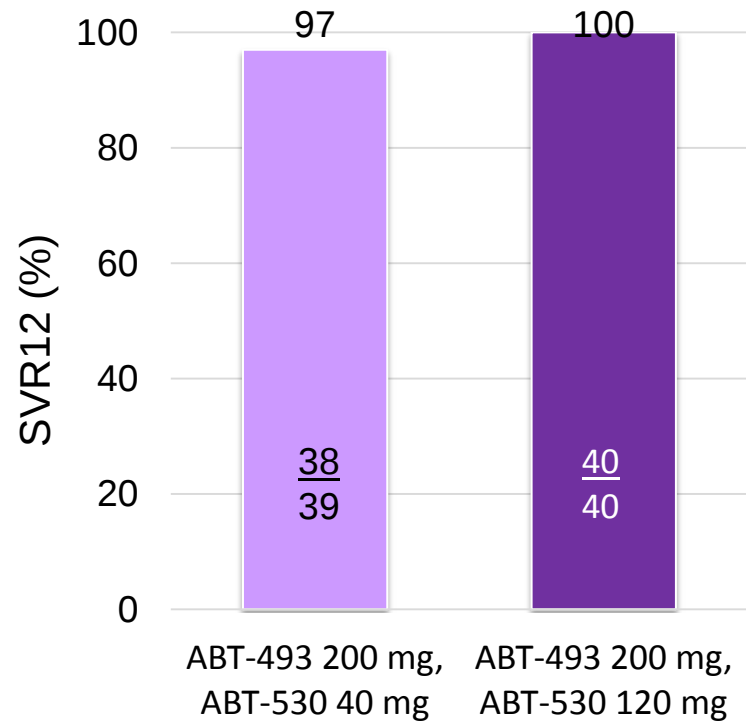
NS5A inhibitor



- ABT-493
 - Pangenotypic NS3/4A protease inhibitor
- ABT-530
 - Pangenotypic NS5A inhibitor
- Combination
 - 3-day monotherapy study
 - ~4-log ↓ HCV RNA
 - <1% renal excretion

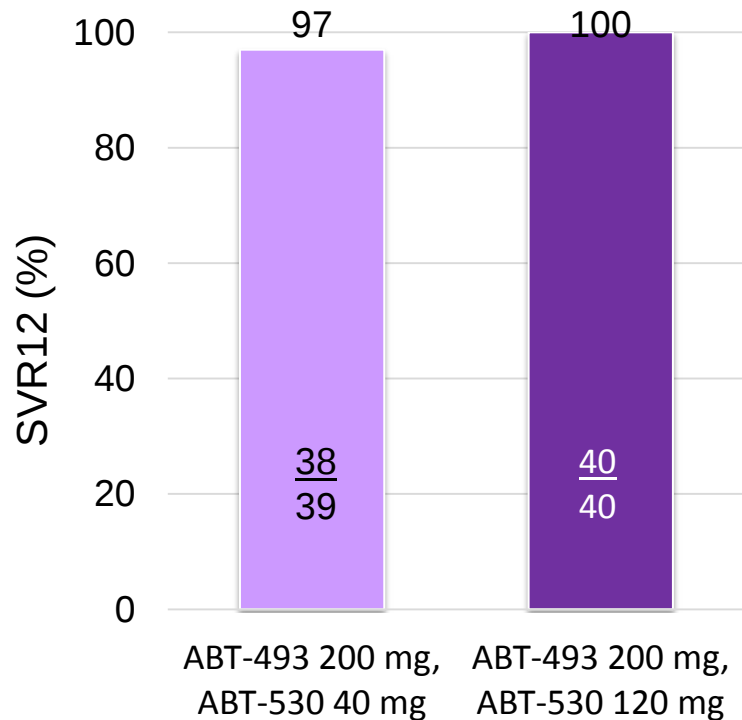
ABT-493 and ABT-530 SURVEYOR-I

- Part 1
- Genotype 1, noncirrhotic
- Treatment naïve (50) and experienced (29)
- Randomized to ABT-530 40 mg or 120 mg
- Duration: 12 weeks



Poordad F. AASLD 2015

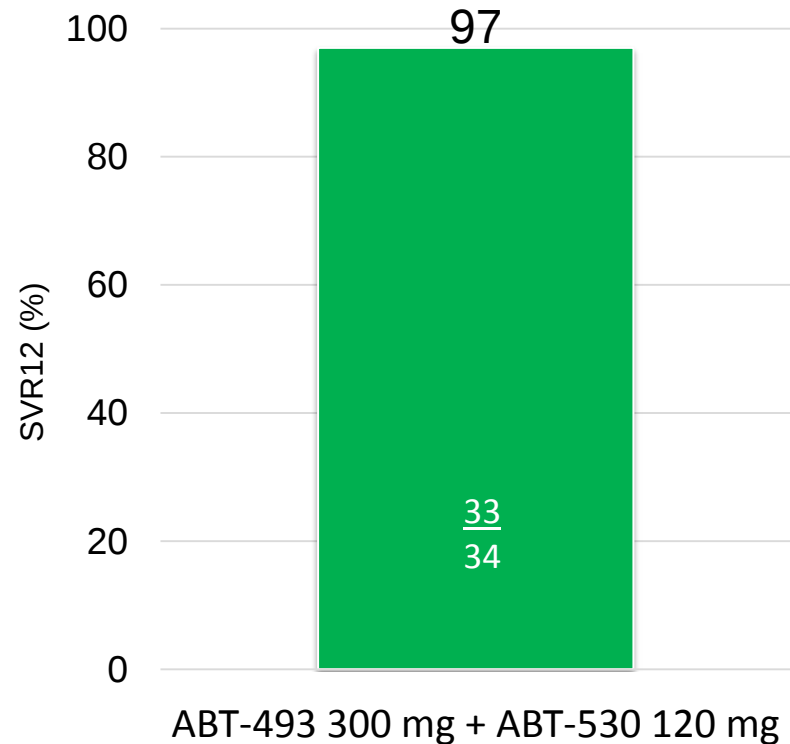
ABT-493 and ABT-530 SURVEYOR-I



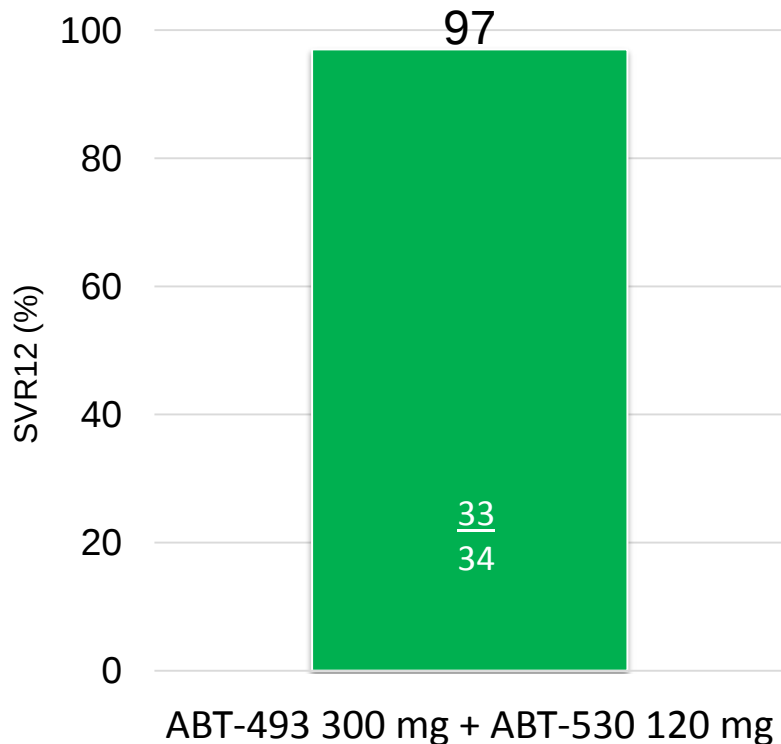
- Part 1
- 1 treatment failure
 - Relapse in treatment naïve genotype 1a
- Baseline RAVs
 - NS3 only: 47%
 - NS5A only: 8%
 - NS3+NS5A: 4%

ABT-493 and ABT-530 SURVEYOR-I

- Part 2
- Genotype 1, noncirrhotic
- Treatment naïve (29) and experienced (5)
- Single arm ABT-493 300 mg + ABT-530 120 mg
- Duration: 8 weeks



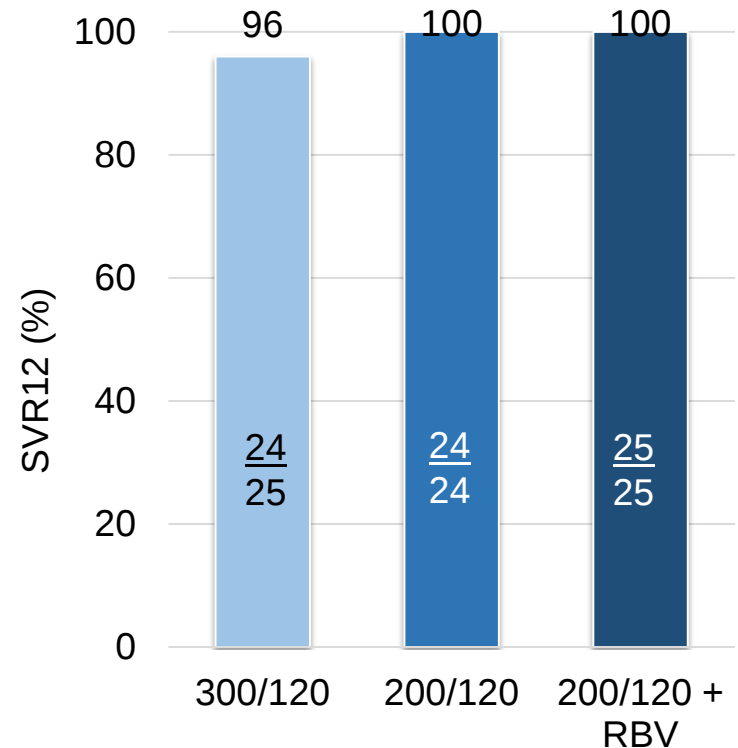
ABT-493 and ABT-530 SURVEYOR-I



- **Part 2**
- 1 treatment failure
 - Relapse in patient with 4-week duration after diagnosis of cancer
- Baseline RAVs
 - NS3 only: 16%
 - NS5A only: 3%
 - NS3+NS5A: 4%

ABT-493 and ABT-530 SURVEYOR-II

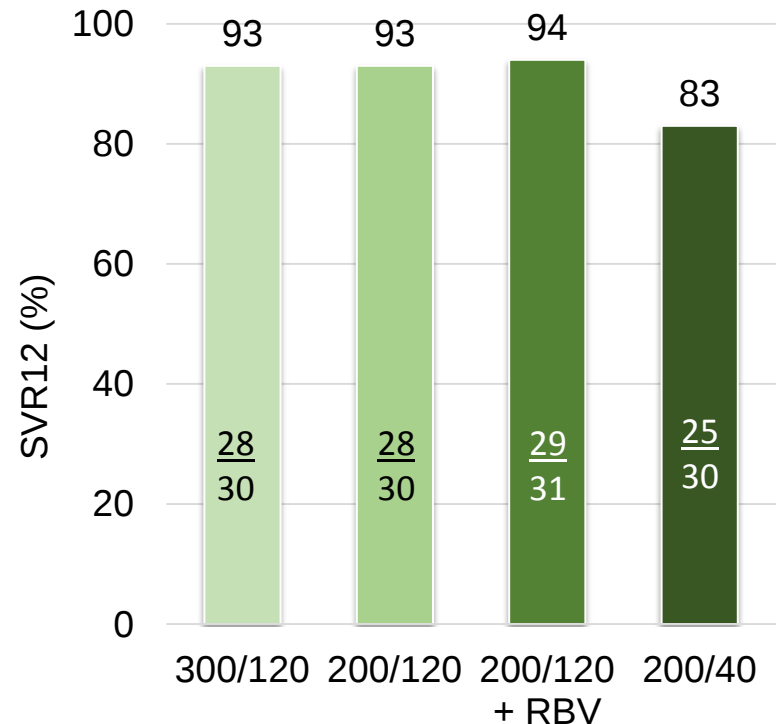
- Genotype 2, noncirrhotic
- Treatment naïve and experienced
- Randomized
 - ABT-493 300 mg + ABT-530 120 mg
 - ABT-493 200 mg + ABT-530 120 mg
 - ABT-493 200 mg + ABT-530 120 mg + RBV
- Duration: 12 weeks



Wyles D. AASLD 2015

ABT-493 and ABT-530 SURVEYOR-II

- Genotype 3, noncirrhotic
- Treatment naïve and experienced
- Randomized
 - ABT-493 300 mg + ABT-530 120 mg
 - ABT-493 200 mg + ABT-530 120 mg
 - ABT-493 200 mg + ABT-530 120 mg + RBV
 - ABT-493 200 mg + ABT-530 40 mg
- Duration: 12 weeks



Kwo P. AASLD 2015

ABT-493 and ABT-530

SURVEYOR-II, genotype 3

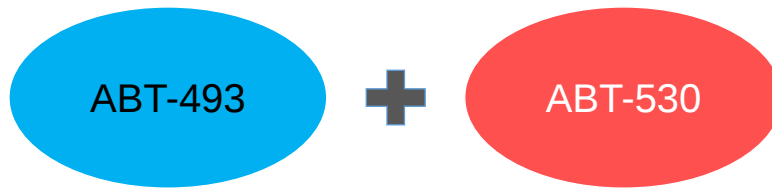
	ABT-493 300 mg + ABT-530 120 mg (n=30)	ABT-493 200 mg + ABT-530 120 mg (n=30)	ABT-493 200 mg + ABT-530 120 mg + RBV (n=30)	ABT-493 200 mg + ABT-530 40 mg (n=30)
SVR12	28/30 (93%)	28/30 (93%)	29/31 (94%)	25/30 (83%)
Non-SVR				
Virologic failure	1	2	1	3
On-treatment breakthrough	0	0	1	1
Relapse	1	2	0	2
Non-virologic failure				
Early study drug d/c	0	0	1	1
Missing SVR12 data	1	0	0	1

ABT-493 and ABT-530 SURVEYOR-II

	Population	Treatment Duration	SVR4 (%)
<u>No cirrhosis</u>	Genotype 2 Naïve or experienced	8 weeks	97% (28/29)
	Genotype 3 Naïve	8 weeks	
	Genotype 3 Experienced	12 weeks	
<u>Cirrhosis</u>	Genotype 3 Naïve	12 weeks	
	Genotype 3 Naïve or experienced	12 weeks	

Kwo PY EASL 2016; Muir AJ. EASL 2016

ABT-493 and ABT-530

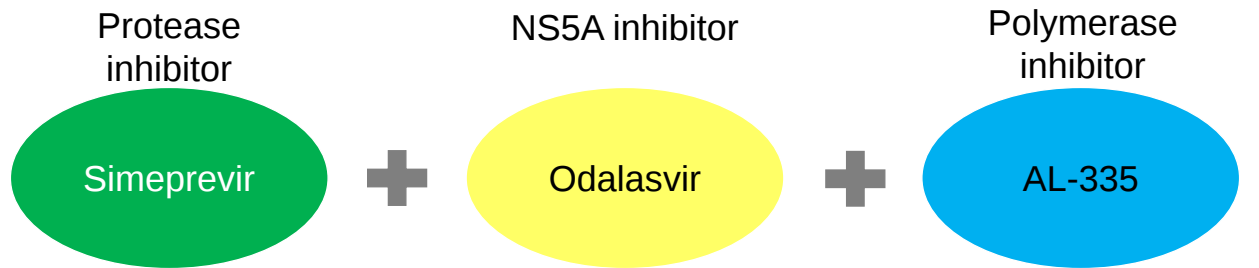


- Doses
 - ABT-493 300 mg
 - ABT-530 120 mg
- Development program
 - Genotypes 1-6
 - Noncirrhotic 8 weeks
 - Compensated cirrhosis 12 weeks
 - HIV co-infection
 - Chronic kidney disease
 - DAA failures

Simeprevir

- NS3/4A protease inhibitor
 - Antiviral activity against genotypes 1, 2, 4, 5, 6
 - FDA approved combinations
 - Peginterferon + ribavirin
 - Sofosbuvir

Simeprevir PLUS

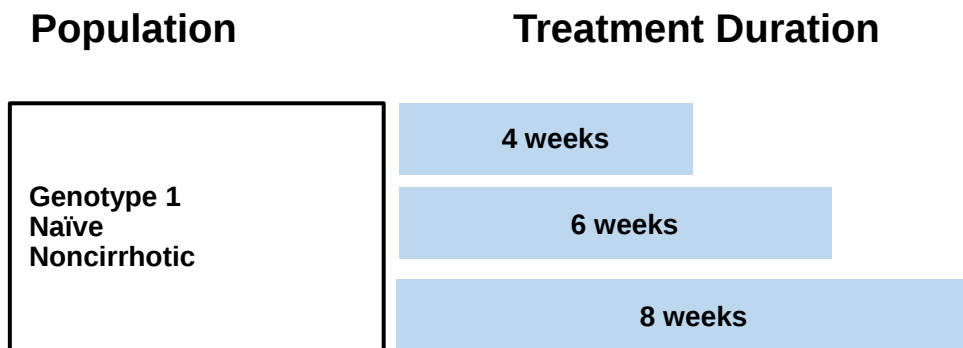


- Also ACH-3102
- Combo with sofosbuvir x 6 weeks SVR12 in 12/12 genotype 1

- Uridine-based nucleotide analog

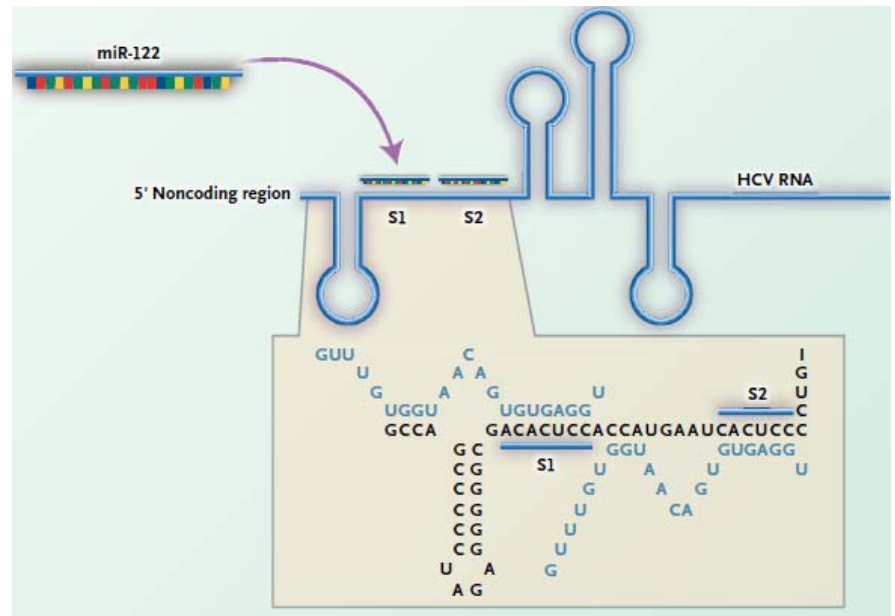
Simeprevir + Odalasvir + AL-335

Phase 2a



miR-122

- miRNAs: noncoding RNAs that direct post-transcriptional regulation of gene expression by binding to complementary sites
- miR-122
 - Most abundant miRNA in liver
 - Binds to HCV genome in 5' untranslated region
 - Promotes HCV RNA stability
 - Protects from degradation



Janssen H. NEJM 2013

Miravirsen

- Sequesters miR-122 in a heteroduplex and inhibits function
- Phase 2a study
 - 36 patients
 - Genotype 1, noncirrhotic
 - Miravirsen weekly subcu injection
 - Doses
 - Placebo
 - 3 mg/kg
 - 5 mg/kg
 - 7 mg/kg
 - Duration: 5 injections
 - Follow-up: 14 weeks

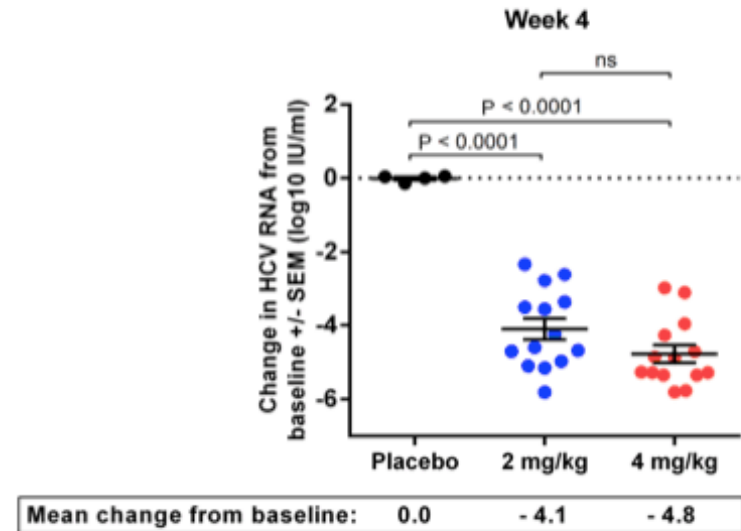
Dose	N	Mean maximum ↓ HCV RNA (log)
Placebo	9	0.4
3 mg/kg	9	1.2
5 mg/kg	9	2.9
7 mg/kg	9	3.0

- 14 week follow-up
- HCV RNA not detected
 - 5 mg/kg - 1 patient
 - 7 mg/kg - 4 patients

Janssen H. NEJM 2013

RG-101

- Oligonucleotide inhibitor of miR-122
- Patients
 - N=32
 - Genotype 1, 3, 4
 - Treatment naïve or prior relapsers
 - Placebo, 2 mg/kg, 4 mg/kg
- Single dose
- Follow-up: 8 weeks and extended to 28 weeks



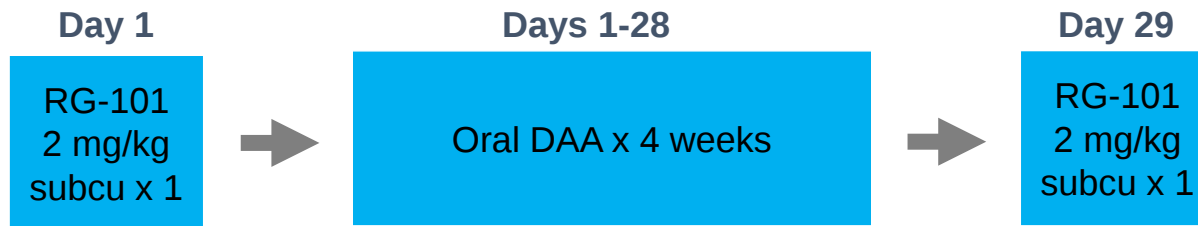
Week 28

HCV RNA target not detected
6 patients

- Genotype 1 (n=1)
- Genotype 3 (n=2)
- Genotype 4 (n=3)

RG-101

- Phase 2
 - Treatment naïve, genotype 1 or 4



3 DAA groups

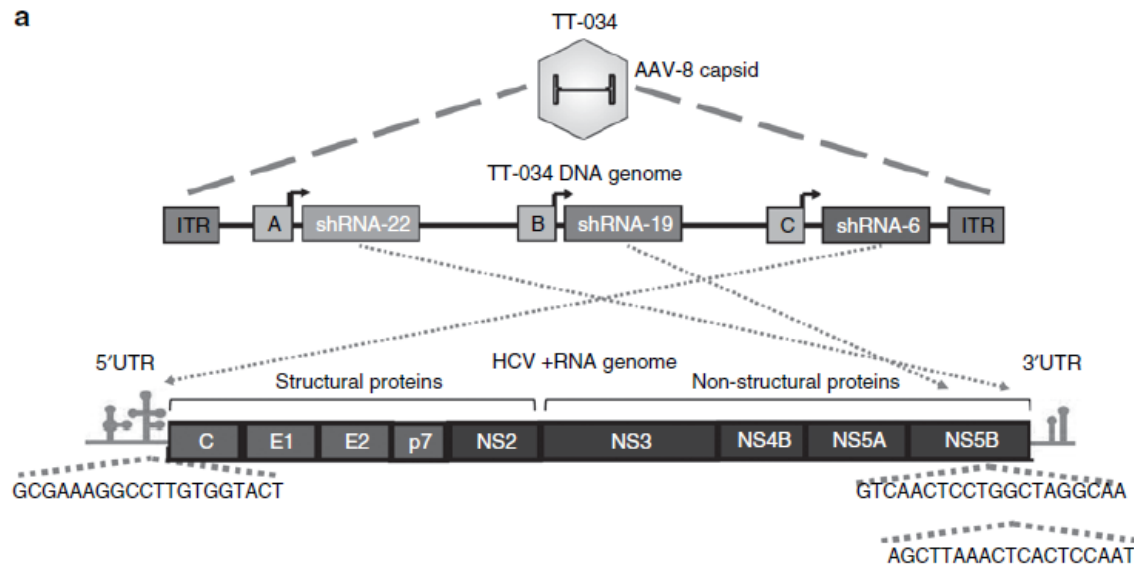
- Ledipasvir/sofosbuvir (n=27)
- Simeprevir (n=27)
- Daclatasvir (n=25)

Interim results

- F/U week 8: 37/38
< LOQ
- F/U week 12: 14/14
< LOQ

TT-034

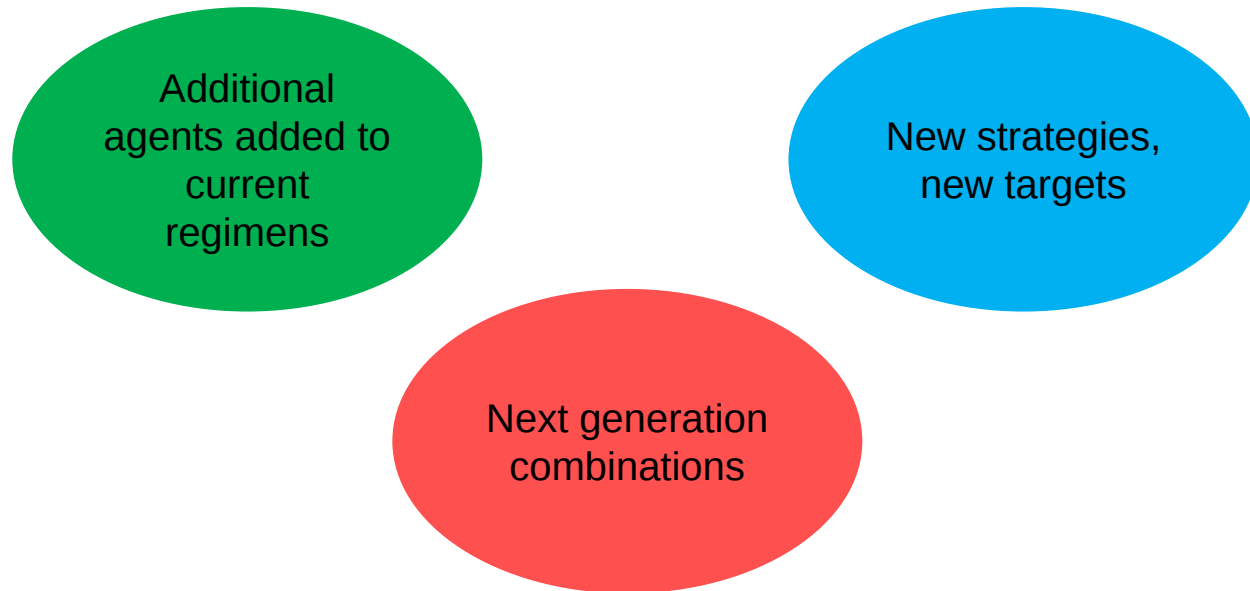
- TT-034
 - recombinant adeno-associated virus serotype 8 (AAV8) agent expressing 3 short hairpin RNA (shRNA) pro-drugs that target the HCV genome
 - cytosolic enzyme Dicer cleaves each shRNA into multiple, potentially active small interfering RNA (siRNA) drugs



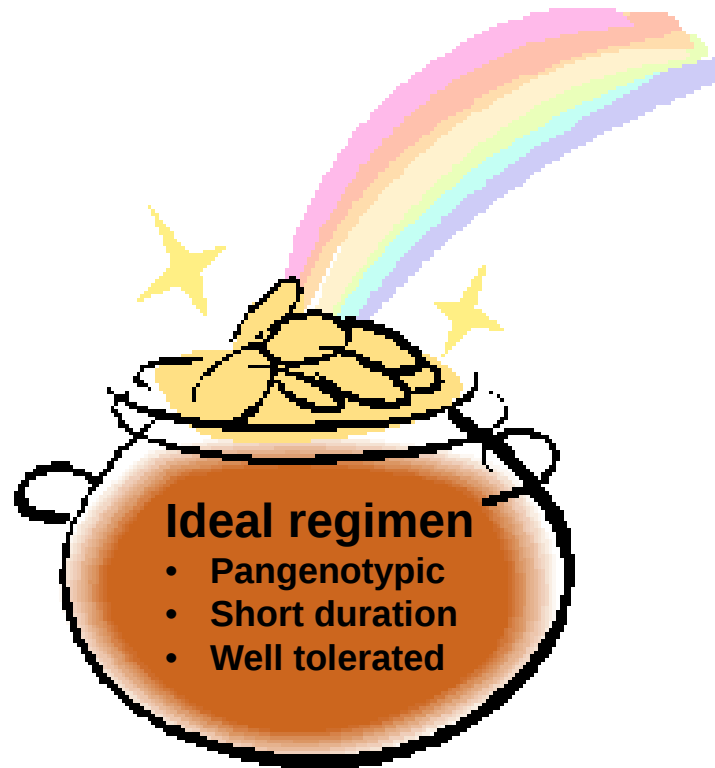
TT-034

- Ongoing study
- Phase I/II
- Single IV infusion
- Patients
 - Genotype 1, non-cirrhotic
 - Prior treatment failure
- Results expected late 2016

HCV pipeline strategies



HCV pipeline



Ideal regimen

- Pangenotypic
- Short duration
- Well tolerated

Thank you



HEPATITIS C MANAGEMENT STATE OF THE ART

